

Notes

He (Rousseau's tiger) is derived from a motif found in the drawings and paintings of <u>Eugène Delacroix</u>. It was claimed, either by Rousseau himself or by his friends and admirers, that he had experienced life in the jungle during his time in <u>Mexico</u> in 1860, where he had served as a regimental bandsman. In fact he never left France, and it is thought that his inspiration came from the botanical gardens of Paris, such as the <u>Jardin des Plantes</u> (which included zoological galleries with <u>taxidermy</u> specimens of exotic animals), and from prints and books. The <u>fin de siècle</u> French populace was captivated by exotic and dangerous subjects, such as the perceived savagery of animals and peoples of distant lands. Tigers on the prowl had been the subject of an exhibition at the 1885 <u>École des Beaux-Arts</u>. <u>Emmanuel Frémiet</u>'s <u>famous sculpture</u> of 1887 depicting a gorilla carrying a woman exuded more savagery than anything in Rousseau's canvases, yet was found acceptable as art; Rosseau's poor immediate reception therefore seems the result of his style and not his subject matter.

The tiger's prey is beyond the edge of the canvas, so it is left to the imagination of the viewer to decide what the outcome will be, although Rousseau's original title *Surprised!* suggests the tiger has the upper hand. Rousseau later stated that the tiger was about to pounce on a group of explorers. Despite their apparent simplicity, Rousseau's jungle paintings were built up meticulously in layers, using a large number of green shades to capture the lush exuberance of the jungle. He also devised his own method for depicting the lashing rain by trailing strands of silver paint diagonally across the canvas, a technique inspired by the satin-like finishes of the paintings of <u>William-Adolphe Bouguereau</u>.

Further information may be found by visiting https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tiger in a Tropical Storm