










| Year 3 and 4 Knowledge Organiser – Contrasting region in France - Provence  |   |  |
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| What I should already know.   | Maps and diagrams   | What will I know by the end of the Unit?   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Uffington and Stamford are a rural village and town in S. Lincolnshire, Lincolnshire is a county.</li> <li>- Lincolnshire is a county in England – a country. England is in the United Kingdom – in the continent of Europe. The UK is made up of England, Northern Ireland, Scotland and Wales.</li> <li>- There are 7 continents around the world.</li> <li>- Where to locate these countries on a map.</li> </ul> | <br> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- France is in Europe – So is England.</li> <li>- Provence is a region in France – in Southern France. Lincolnshire is a region in the UK</li> <li>- Provence is combination of hilltop villages, larger towns and cities – eg: Gordes, Roussillon. Marseille and Avignon. Lincolnshire is flat and mainly rural, Lincoln, Grimsby and Scunthorpe are the largest towns in Lincolnshire – located on a map.</li> <li>- The River Rhone is Provence’s major river. The River Welland flows through Stamford and Uffington.</li> <li>- Lavender, roses and grapes are farmed here. Cereal crops, potatoes are locally grown in Uffington.</li> <li>- Provence is approximately – 860 miles away by car -14 hours 43 mins.</li> <li>- Provence is approximately 2 hour ahead of UK.</li> <li>- Compare human and physical features of Provence with Lincolnshire.</li> <li>- Be able to share opinions about each place using clear geographical vocabulary. Compare Provence with Lincolnshire – find the similarities and differences between them.</li> </ul> |
| <p><b><u>Key Vocabulary</u></b></p> <p><b>Human features</b> – features of land impacted by human activity.</p> <p><b>Physical features</b> – Natural features on the land.</p> <p><b>Region</b> – An area of a country with common features.</p>   |   |  |

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| <p><b>River</b> – Large natural stream of fresh water that flows to the sea.</p> <p><b>City</b> - :Large town.</p> <p><b>Coastal</b> – An area of land close to the sea.</p> <p><b>Climate</b> – General weather conditions of an area.</p> <p><b>Landmarks</b> – A building or feature that is easily recognised.</p> <p><b>Mountain</b> – High area of land with steep sides.</p> <p><b>Population</b> – The number of people living in the country or an area.</p> <p><b>Vegetation</b> – Plants trees or flowers.</p>               |    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Describe key aspects of human geography including settlements and land use in Provence and Lincolnshire.</li><li>- To use maps and atlases, points of the compass, grid references. Create maps of locations.</li></ul> |
| <b>Features of Lincolnshire</b>   |  | <b>Features of Provence</b>   |
| <div></div> <p><b>Population</b> – 780,000</p> <p><b>Landmarks</b> – Lincoln Cathedral, castle, Belvoir Castle, Belton House, Heckington Windmill</p> <div></div> <p><b>Food</b> – plum bread, poacher cheese, sausages</p> <p><b>Land use</b> – rural, farming.</p> <div></div> | <p><b>Population</b> – 1.628 million</p> <p><b>Landmarks</b> – Pope’s Palace Avignon, Old Fishing District St Tropez, Sainte-Victoire, The Calanques.</p> <div></div> <p><b>Food</b> – snails, red mullet, pasta with truffles, onion tart.</p> <p><b>Land use</b> – lavender fields, mountains, gorges, river valleys.</p> <div></div> | <div></div>   |